Mobile phone data for migration analysis:

new possibilities, risks and difficulties

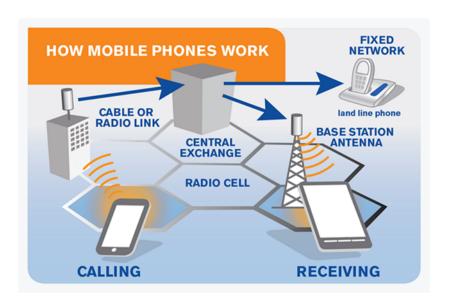
Zbigniew Smoreda SENSE (Orange Labs, Paris)



CDRs telcos billing records

Billing data collected automatically for all MPO's customers

timestamp	party A	party B	type	duration	cell A	cell B
16/10/30 10:01:33	0689094877	0645321101	SMS	0	123	322
16/10/30 10:01:34	0765443321	0675448765	Voice	54	233	543
16/10/30 10:01:35	0766545566	0653344567	Voice	132	435	124



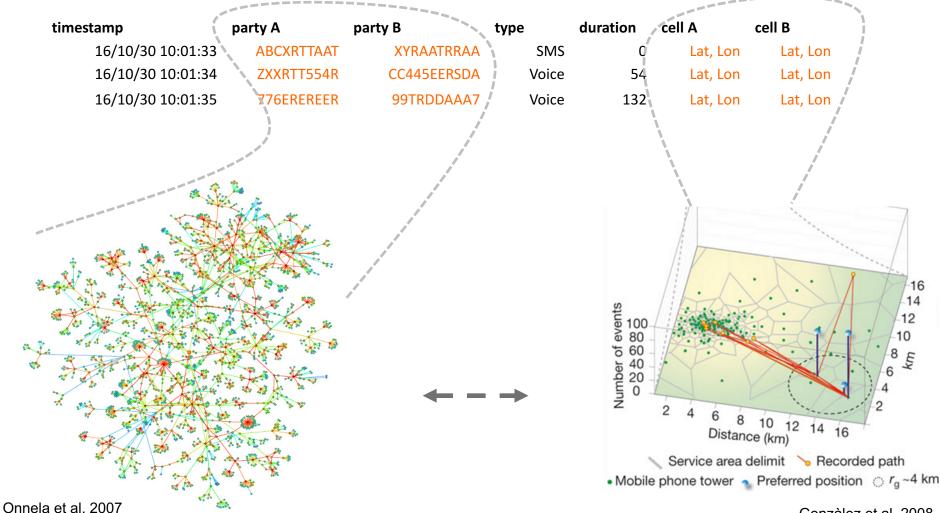
CDRs telcos billing records

Billing data collected automatically for all MPO's customers

timestamp	party A	party B	type	duration	cell A	cell B
16/10/30 10:01:33	ABCXRTTAAT	XYRAATRRAA	SMS	0	Lat, Lon	Lat, Lon
16/10/30 10:01:34	ZXXRTT554R	CC445EERSDA	Voice	54	Lat, Lon	Lat, Lon
16/10/30 10:01:35	776EREREER	99TRDDAAA7	Voice	132	Lat, Lon	Lat, Lon

CDRs telcos billing records

Billing data collected automatically for all MPO's customers



Quickly growing research

Cellular Census: Explorations in Urban Data Collection

Issue No. 03 - July-September (2007 vol. 6)

ISSN: 1536-1268

pp: 30-38

DOI Bookmark: http://doi.ieeecomputersociety.org/10.1109/M

Carlo Ratti, Massachusetts Institute of Technology Francesco Calabrese, Massachusetts Institute of Tecl Jonathan Reades, University College London

Andres Sevtsuk, Massachusetts Institute of Technolo

Malar J. 2009 Dec 10:8:287. doi: 10.1186/1475-2875-8-287.

The use of mobile phone data for the estimation of the travel patterns and imported Plasmodium falciparum rates among Zanzibar residents.

phone data

Tatem AJ¹, Qiu Y, Smith DL, Sabot O, Ali AS, Moonen B.

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America

CURRENT ISSUE // ARCHIVE // NEWS & MULTIMEDIA // AUTHORS // ABOUT COLLECTED ARTICLES // BROWSE BY TO

♠ > Current Issue > vol. 104 no. 18 > J.-P. Onnela. 7332–7336

Structure and tie strengths in mobile communication networks

J.-P. Onnela *, †, ‡, J. Saramäki *, J. Hyvönen *, G. Szabó §, ¶, D. Lazer , K. Kaski *, J. Kertész *, **, and A.-L. Barabási § , ¶

Activity-Aware Map: Identifying Human Daily Activity Pattern Using Mobile Phone Data

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America

♠ > Current Issue > vol. 106 no. 36 > Nathan Eagle. 15274–15278

Nathan Eagle ^{a,b,1}, Alex (Sandy) Pentland b and David Lazer c

CURRENT ISSUE // ARCHIVE // NEWS & MULTIMEDIA // AUTHORS // ABOUT COLLECTED ARTICLES // BROWSE B

Inferring friendship network structure by using mobile

Authors

2009 Article

Downloads (cumulative): 0

Downloads (12 Months): 0

Downloads (6 Weeks): 0

Citation Count: 8

Authors and affiliations

Santi Phithakkitnukoon, Teerayut Horanont, Giusy Di Lorenzo, Ryosuke Shibasaki, Carlo Ratti

Community Computing: Comparisons between Rural and Urban Societies Using Mobile Phone Data

Authors: Nathan Eagle

Yves-Alexandre de Montjoye

Luís M. A. Bettencourt

Published in:

Proceeding

CSE '09 Proceedings of the 2009 International Conference on Computational Science and Engineering - Volume 04

Pages 144-150

August 29 - 31, 2009

IEEE Computer Society Washington, DC, USA @2009

table of contents ISBN: 978-0-7695-3823-5 doi>10.1109/CSE 2009.91



Nature 453, 779-782 (5 June 2008) | doi:10.1038/nature06958; Received 1 March 2008

There is an Addendum (12 March 2009) associated with this document.

Understanding individual human mobility patterns

Marta C. González¹, César A. Hidalgo^{1,2} & Albert-László Barabási^{1,2,3}



Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its **Applications**

Volume 387, Issue 12, 1 May 2008, Pages 3017-3024





Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its **Applications**

Volume 387, Issue 21, 1 September 2008, Pages 5317-5325



The dynamics of a mobile phone network

Renaud Lambiotte^{a, b,} 📤, 🐸, Vincent D. Blondel^a, Cristobald de Kerchove^a, Etienne Huens^a, Christophe Prieur^c, Zbigniew Smoreda^c, Paul Van Dooren^a

Geographical dispersal of mobile communication networks

Cesar A. Hidalgo^{a, A.} C. Rodriguez-Sickert^b

NetMob – community building

NetMob

Workshop on the

Analysis of Mobile Phone Networks

A satellite workshop to NetSci 2010 Tuesday, May 11, 2010 MIT, Cambridge, MA

NetMob2011

Given the success of NetMob2010, we consider the possibility of organizing a NetMob2011. If you wish to be included on the NetMob mailing list, please send an email to sympa2@listes.uclouvain.be with "subscribe netmob yourname" in the subject line (where "yourname" is your first and last name). You can also subscribe/unsubscribe by going to https://listes-2.sipr.ucl.ac.be/sympa/info/netmob.

Introduction

Mobile phone datasets have become widely available in recent years and have opened the possibility to improve our understanding of large-scale social networks by investigating how people exchange information, build trust, create markets and develop social interactions. Mobile phone data is also helping us understand complex processes such as the spread of information and viruses or transportation and the use of urban infrastructures.

This workshop will consist of a number of contributed talks on the analysis of mobile phone networks. The workshop format is flexible: no registration fees, a simplified submission procedure, and the possibility to present recent results or results submitted elsewhere.

Practical information

Date: Tuesday May 11, 2010 (this is the day prior to the conference NetSci).

Location: On the sixth floor of the newly built Media Lab (building E14 on MIT campus, map available here).

Registration: Attendance is free of charge but, due to limited seating, registration is compulsory. If you wish to register please send an email to netmob@uclouvain.be. Registration will be processed on a first-come first-serve basis. Although there is no registration fee for the workshop, participants are of course encouraged to also participate (and register) in the NetSci conference.

We have have received an unexectedly large number of registrations to the workshop. The workshop has been moved to a larger space (the multi media hall of the Media Lab). All those who have registered by sending an email or through the NetSci website are welcome to attend.

Submissions

All contributions that deal with the analysis of mobile phone datasets are welcome.

Authors are invited to submit an abstract (one to three pages) by the deadline of March 5, 2010. Submissions should include the title, author(s), affiliation(s) and e-mail address(es) on the first page. There will be no published proceedings; the material submitted to the workshop may also be submitted elsewhere.

Electronic submission of manuscripts in PDF format is required. Please send your manuscript directly to netmob@uclouvain.be by March 5, 2010.

The evaluation of submitted abstracts will be organized by the scientific committee and decisions will be made by March 26, 2010. Once an abstract has been accepted for presentation, at least one author is required to attend the workshop and present the paper. In case too many abstracts are selected, some of these may be moved to a special session taking place the next day at the NetSci 2010 conference.

Program

The program is available here (PDF format).

Book of abstracts

The book of abstracts is available here (5.5 MB, PDF format).



NetMob – community building

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Introduction

Practical information

Submissions

Scientific committee

Chair: Vincent Blondel, UCLouvain (Belgium) Laszlo Barabasi, Northeastern University

Rob Claxton, British Telecom (UK)

Vittoria Colizza, ISI Foundation (Italy)

Massimo Colonna, Telecom Italia (Italy) Nathan Eagle, Santa Fe Institute Alexandre Gerber, AT&T Research

Marta Gonzales, MIT

Cesar Hidalgo, Harvard University

János Kertész, Budapest University of Technology (Hungary)

Renaud Lambiotte, Imperial College (UK) David Lazer, Northeastern University Jure Leskovec, Stanford University

Nuria Oliver, Telefonica Research (Spain) Jukka-Pekka Onnela, Harvard University

Asu Ozdaglar, LIDS, MIT

Alex (Sandy) Pentland, Media Lab, MIT Mason Porter, University of Oxford (UK) Carlo Ratti, Senseable City Lab, MIT

Jari Saramäki, Helsinki University of Technology (Finland)

Leonardo Soto, AirSage

Zbigniew Smoreda, Orange Labs (France)

John Tsitsiklis, LIDS, MIT

Paul Van Dooren, UCLouvain (Belgium)

Program

abstracts

Organizing committee Book of

Vincent Blondel, UCLouvain (Belgium)

Francesco Calabrese, Senseable City Lab, MIT

Gautier Krings, UCLouvain (Belgium) Benjamin Waber, Media Lab, MIT

orange"

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fees, a simplified submission

o@uclouvain.be. Registration

o participate (and register) in

media hall of the Media Lab).

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tract has been accepted for

may be moved to a special

How to accelerate and open access to CDRs?



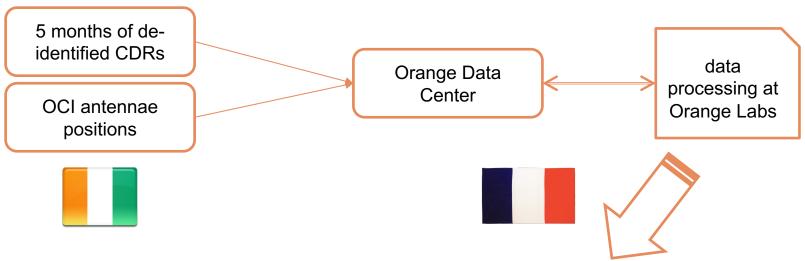
An Open Innovation Project with Orange Cote d'Ivoire, Orange Marketing Vision and Corporate Social Responsibility



Data for Development (D4D) Cote d'Ivoire 2012



D4D: data for development Cote d'Ivoire

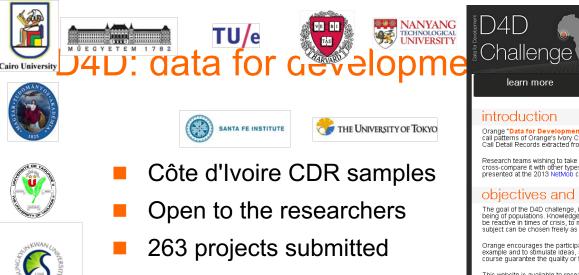


Proposed datasets:

- (1) antenna-to-antenna traffic on an hourly basis,
- (2) individual trajectories for 50,000 randomly sampled users for two week time windows with antenna location information,
- (3) individual trajectories for 500,000 randomly sampled users over the entire observation period with sub-prefecture location information,
- and (4) a sample of communication graphs for 5,000 customers

D4D: data for development Cote d'Ivoire

- "Scientific challenge" halfway between a long hackathon and a scientific conference:
 - Launched in June 2012 for 8 months only
 - Only research institutions admitted after signing the terms & conditions
 - Evaluation committee chaired by Vincent Blondel (UCL) with members from Bouake University, Global Pulse (UN), GSMA, Orange Labs, WEF and MIT
 - Selected projects presentation during the NetMob conference, May 2013 in Boston (USA)
 - Four prizes attributed (first prize, scientific, development, and data visualization prizes)



Over 80 reports received















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suggest

introduction

learn more

Orange "Data for Development" - D4D - is an open data challenge, encouraging research teams around the world to use four datasets of anonymous call patterns of Orange's Nory Coast subsidiary, to help address society development questions in novel ways. The data sets are based on anonymized Call Detail Records extracted from Orange's customer base, covering the months of December 2011 to April 2012.

participate

other data sources

Research teams wishing to take on the challenge and participate to the development of Ivory Coast society will have access to the data to analyse it and cross-compare it with other types of data to find useful insights. The best research results will be selected by an independent D4D committee and will be presented at the 2013 NetMob conference and later at an event in Ivory Coast.

objectives and description

The goal of the D4D challenge, in line with our Group's Orange for Development initiative, is to contribute to the socio-economic development and well being of populations. Knowledge of typical behaviours of mobile telephone users can be very useful, for example to identify early signs of epidemics, to be reactive in times of crisis, to measure the threat and resultant impact of droughts, to optimize the usage of certain infrastructures, etc. The research subject can be chosen freely as long as it relates to an objective of development and improved quality of life for all

Orange encourages the participants to cross-compare D4D data with other types of data which they have found through their own research. By way of example and to stimulate ideas, a list of data sources from NGOs or international organizations is available on this website, although Orange cannot of course guarantee the quality or their relevance for all projects

This website is available to researchers, public institutions or NGOs involved or interested in the development of sub-Saharan Africa and Ivory Coast in particular. A suggestion box and a newsletter are provided to encourage contributions by proposing useful subjects or links to resources and contacts. in particular, all those who have databases that could be usefully employed, in conjunction with mobile phone communication data in the framework of the D4D challenge, are cordially invited to share their data. The suggestion space also provides a forum for researchers or Data representation specialists who would like to exchange ideas or simply to initiate new contacts.

who can participate?

Participants wishing to utilize the Orange database and participate in the challenge must be affiliated with a public or private research institution







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THE UNIVERSITY OF **MELBOURNE**













































The University of



D4D: data for development Cote d'Ivoire

NetMob 2013 May 1-3, 2013, MIT

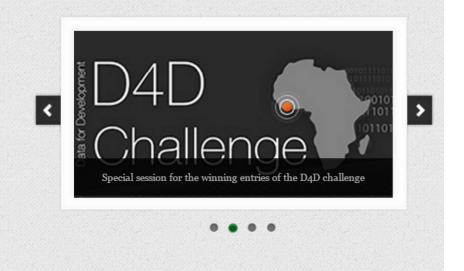
66 Third conference on the Analysis of Mobile Phone Datasets

With a special event on the Data for Development (D4D) challenge.

"I can't say how impressed I was with the quality and quantity of the submissions."

"There is some incredibly good work in here."

Anonymous reviewers



http://perso.uclouvain.be/vincent.blondel/netmob/2013/D4D-book.pdf

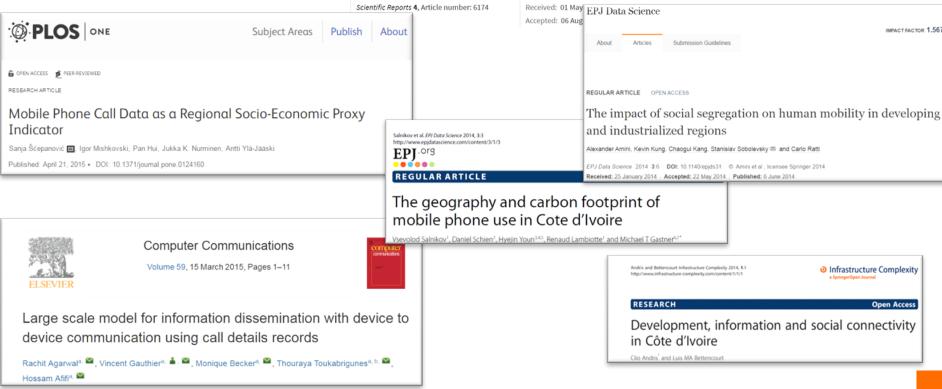


D4D: data for development Cote d'I



Vasyl Palchykov, Marija Mitrović, Hang-Hyun Jo, Jari Saramäki & Raj Kumar Pan 🗖

+ 50 published works!



D4D: data for development Cote d'Ivoire

- Many various topics addressed by the projects:
 - Health improvement (disease spread mapping or prevention)
 - Population statistics (urbanization, population, tourism and events analysis)
 - Communities understanding (diaspora cartography and needs, rural and urban customers)
 - Economic Indicators (local economic development, micro finance insight)
 - City and transport planning (transport optimization, road construction, smart city planning)
 - Emergency, Alerting & Preventing (early warning system, help distribution localization)
 - Geo-marketing (strategic points of sales)...
- Important echo among the United Nations, NGOs, development aid institutions
- New data challenges initiatives (Telecom Italia, Telefonica)
- But no project could be implemented in Ivory Cost...





Second D4D Senegal:

do it differently



Improvements to bring to D4D after the Cote d'Ivoire experience

1. Focus on 5 themes

Health, Transport, Agriculture, Energy, National statistics

2. Involve local ecosystem

- Questions owners: Ministries and institutions
- Contributors: Universities, entrepreneurs...

3. Reinforce governance

Regulation, Ethics,...

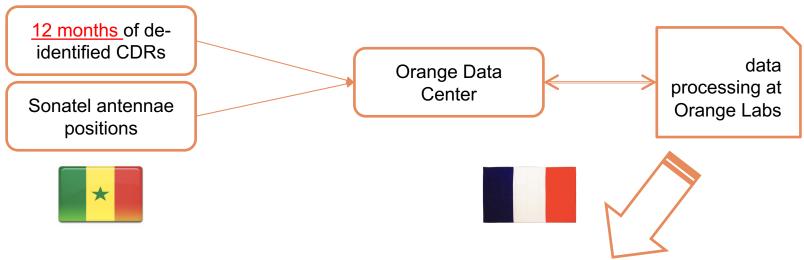
4. Foster Data sharing

Find other data sources to be crossed with D4D data sets

5. Ensure an implementation of results

Prepare the « After D4D »





Proposed datasets:

- (1) antenna-to-antenna traffic on an hourly basis,
- (2) individual trajectories for 300,000 randomly sampled users for two week time windows with antenna location information,
- (3) individual trajectories for 150,000 randomly sampled users over the entire observation period with arrondissement location information,
- and (4) a sample of communication graphs for 5,000 customers
- Bandicoot individual indicators with (2) & (3) http://bandicoot.mit.edu/



April 2014: challenge launched



'Data for Development Sénégal' est un challenge d'innovation ouverte sur des données TIC massives, à des fins de développement sociétal.

Dans la suite de <u>'D4D' en Côte d'Ivoire</u> en 2013, la Sonatel et le Groupe Orange met à disposition des laboratoires de recherche internationaux des données anonymes extraites de son réseau mobile au Sénégal ainsi que des données d'ensoleillement.

Le premier objectif du Challenge 'Data For Development Sénégal', en lien avec la politique de Sonatel et d'Orange en faveur du développement, est de contribuer au développement et au bien-être des populations.

A cette fin, 5 domaines prioritaires ont été définis, pour lesquels les besoins ont été exprimés en collaboration avec les Ministères responsables ou des institutions partenaires :



- l'agriculture
- le transport/urbanisme
- l'énergie
- les statistiques nationales



D4D Senegal results announcement



7-10 April 2015 MIT MediaLab

School // Conference // D4D Challenge



Editors: Esteban MORO, Yves-Alexandre de MONTJOYE, Vincent BLONDEL, Alex 'Sandy' PENTLAND, Nicolas DE CORDES

Organized by







Sponsored by





the winners



First Prize and Energy Prize: Using mobile phone data for electrification planning

E.A. Martínez-Ceseña (1), P. Mancarella (1), M. Ndiaye (2), and M. Schläpfer (3)

Knowledge of local energy needs is crucial for the electricity infrastructure planning of a country. We have shown that mobile phone data are an accurate proxy of the energy needs and can be used to develop bottom-up demand models. The new methodology supports and prioritizes the electrification plans in areas with scarce information on local activities and energy consumption.

(1)University of Manchester, UK - (2) Ecole supérieure polytechnique de Dakar UCAD, Senegal - (3) Santa Fe Institute, USA



Agriculture Prize: Genesis of millet prices in Senegal: the role of production, markets and their failures

D.C. Jacques (1), R. d'Andrimont (1), J. Radoux (1), F. Waldner (1), and E. Marinho (2)

Information asymmetries are responsible for price differentials in only the few areas where the mobile phone coverage has not yet reached its full potential, which damages both poor producers and food insecure consumers. To address this issue, we have integrated it in a spatially explicit model that simulates the functioning of agricultural markets.

(1) Earth and Life Institute, Université Catholique de Louvain, Belgium - (2) Independent researcher, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil



Health Prize: Uncovering the impact of human mobility on schistosomiasis...

L. Mari (1), R. Casagrandi (1), M. Ciddio (1), S.H. Sokolow (2), G. De Leo (2), and M. Gatto (1)

Schistosomiasis is water based parasitic worm infection with debilitating symptoms affecting millions of people. We show that a relatively simple model can reliably reproduce regional patterns of schistosomiasis prevalence across the country. We use the model to study the role of human mobility on disease dynamics and to analyze intervention strategies aimed at reducing disease burden.

(1)Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria, Politecnico di Milano, Italy - (2) Hopkins Marine Station, Stanford University, USA



National Statistics Prize: Virtual Networks and Poverty Analysis

in Senegal

N. Pokhriyal, W. Dong, and V. Govindaraju

Computer Science and Engineering, State University of New York at Buffalo, USA

Poverty is a complex phenomenon, but can be approximated by observing mobile phone usages and mobility at regional level and extrapolated at more granular level. Poverty maps showcasing multiple perspectives can provide policymakers with better insights for effective responses for poverty eradication.



Transport Prize: National and Regional Road Network Optimization for Senegal Using Mobile Phone Data

Y. Wang (1), G. Homem de Almeida Correia (1), and Erik de Romph (1,2)

Anonymous mobile phone traces can be filtered with an algorithm to generate a proxy for a trip origindestination matrix. This is used to develop a gravity model that predicts the future mobility in the country dependent on travel time and number of calls and messages between the departments. This information is then used to improve decision making for road network planning.

(1) Department of Transport and Planning, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands - (2) DAT.mobility, The Netherlands



Data Crossing Prize: Using mobile phone data for Spatial Planning simulation and Optimization Technologies (SPOT)

S. Gueye (1), B.M. Ndiaye (3), D. Josselin (3), M. Poss (5), R.M. Faye (2), P. Michelon (1), C. Genre-Grandpierre (3), and F. Ciari (4)

We propose a methodology of location and relocation of amenities (home, shop, work, leisure places) for urban planning decision. Our methodology exploits mobile phone data and other variables and point of interest on maps to propose optimal amenity locations to reduce the overall travel time or travel distance.

(1) LIA, Université d'Avignon, France - (2) LTI, ESP - Université de Cheikh Anta Diop, Senegal - (3) LMDAN, FASEG-Université de Cheikh Anta Diop, Senegal - (4) Institute for Transport Planning and Systems (IVT), Zurich, Switzerland - (5) UMR ESPACE, CNRS, Avignon, France



Data Visualization Prize: Data for Development Reloaded: Visual Matrix Techniques for the Exploration and Analysis of Massive Mobile Phone Data

S. van den Elzen, M. van Dortmont, J. Blaas, D. Holten, W. van Hage, J-K. Buenen, J.J. van Wijk, R. Spousta*, S. Sala*, S. Chan*, A. Kuzmickas* University of Technology SynerScope BV Sensemaking Fellowship

Eindhoven University of Technology & SynerScope BV, The Netherlands

* Sensemaking Fellowship (MIT, Harvard University)

In our Visual analytics techniques for the exploration and analysis of massive mobile phone data, users are enabled to identify both temporal and structural patterns such as normal behavior, outliers, anomalies, periodicity, trends and counter-trends.



Practical Application Prize: Mobile Data as Public-Health Decision Enabler: A Case Study of Cardiac and Neurological Emergencies

E. Mutafungwa $^{(1)}$, F. Thiessard $^{(2)}$, M. Pathé Diallo $^{(2)}$, R. Gore $^{(3)}$, V. Jouhet $^{(2)}$, C. Karray $^{(4)}$, N. Kheder $^{(4)}$, R. Saddem $^{(4)}$, J. Hämäläinen $^{(1)}$, G. Diallo $^{(1)}$

The objective of the study is to show the areas in which the absence of a nearest hospital can result in death or serious squeals. The identification of areas at high risk in case of stroke of myocardial infarction, requiring rapid intervention, could help Public Health decision makers to priorize investments.

(1) Department of Communications and Networks, Aalto University School of Electrical Engineering, Finland - (2) ERIAS INSERIM U897, ISPED, Université de Bordeaux, France - (3) Virginia Modeling Analysis and Simulation, Old Dominion University, USA - (4) Faculté des Sciences de Tunis, University of Tunis, Tunisia



Scientific Prize and Ethics Mention: Construction of socio-demographic indicators with digital breadcrumbs

F. Bruckschen (1), T. Schmid (2), T. Zbiranski (1)

We show that socio-demographic indicators such as population, age, literacy, poverty, religion, ethnicity, electricity supply and others can be estimated in unprecedented detail and virtually ad-hoc using antennato antenna traffic data only. We offer a uniform approach that can be easily extended to other variables. Results are tested for spatio-temporal robustness and visualized as heat maps.

(1) Humboldt Universität Berlin, Germany - (2) Freie Universität Berlin, Germany

Senegal internal migrations

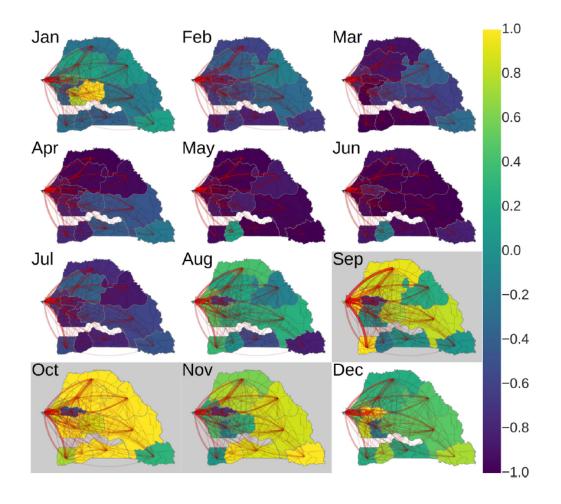


FIG. 13. Maps that show the monthly migration networks at the administrative region level. Link width corresponds to link weight. Arrows are traced from the *regular home* to the *monthly home*. The colors of each region give a notion of the number of *foreign* users within each region; that is, users whose home during a given month is not their regular home. The shadowed panels correspond to the harvest season.

Martin-Gutierrez et al. (2016) Agricultural activity shapes the communication and migration patterns in Senegal, Chaos 26.

Results are published on the Web:

D4D scientific contributions

http://netmob.org/assets/img/NetMob%202015_D4D%20Challenge%20Senegal_Sessions_Scientific_Papers.pdf (298 pages, 83MB)

D4D posters

http://netmob.org/assets/img/NetMob%202015_D4D%20Challenge%20Senegal_Sessions_Posters.pdf (56 pages, 53 MB)

The datasets for D4D are described here: http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.4885



Thanks to B&M Gates Foundation grants three projects were launched to explore further the use of CDRs for:

Health: Disease modeling

National Statistics: Proxy for indicators

Agriculture: Food security



D4D Senegal: Grants for implementation

Health

Uncovering the impact of human mobility on schistosomiasis...

R Casagrandi et al., Politecnico di Milano, Italy

National Statistics

Construction of sociodemographic indicators with digital breadcrumbs

F Bruckschen & T Zbiranski, Freïe Universität Berlin, Germany

Agriculture

Genesis of millet prices in Senegal: the role of production, markets and their failures

> D Jacques, UC Louvain, Belgium

Quantifying effect of movement due to holidays on malaria prevalence

S Milusheva, Brown University, USA

A multidimensional analysis of poverty and its determinants in Senegal

N Pokhriyal, State University of New York at Buffalo, USA Mobility profiles and calendars for food security and livelihoods analysis

PJ Zufiria et al., Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, Spain

(See: Annex)

granted access to the complete database

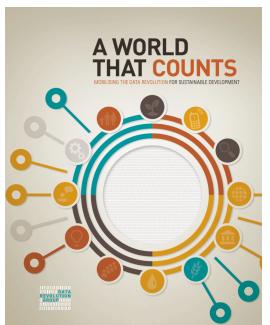


D4D Senegal: 6 projects implementation

- Special event in Dakar (Radisson Sonatel event, 6th June 2015) and teams field visit to Senegal
- Collaborations with local actors:
 - ANSD (National Statistics)
 - Ministry of Health
 - World Food Program Dakar
 - DAPSA Senegal (Agriculture Statistics)
 - PNLP (National Malaria Control Program)
 - ...
- Help of international development bodies (OECD, WFP, WHO, UN...)
- And finally a « twin project » on the National Statistics Senegal Cote d'Ivoire is about to start

After D4D: the world of development needs Big Data













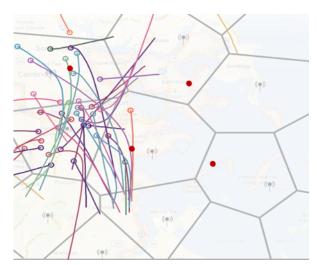


Privacy warning: impossible CDRs anonymization

- The notion of anonymity is one of the cornerstone of data protection
- But an individual spatiotemporal trace becomes very quickly unique, even in the largest datasets



- CDRs from an European country (1.5 M people, 15 months)
- Points: antenna tower / time step: one hour

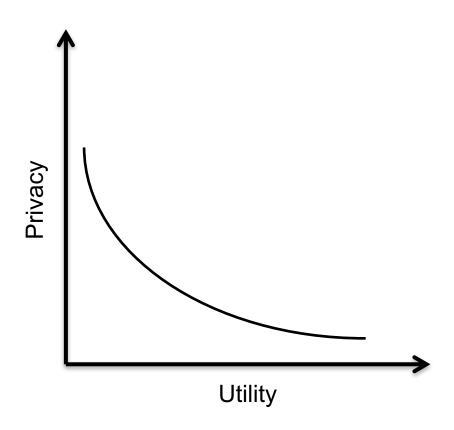


$$\mathcal{E}_4 = .95$$

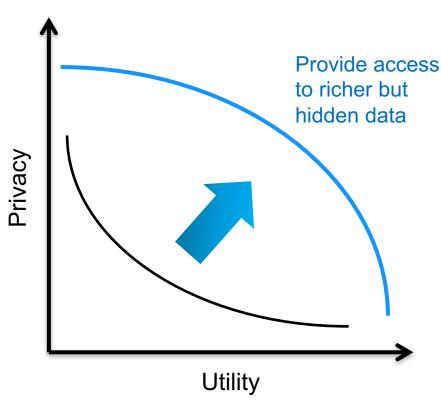




The "privacy-utility" trade-off



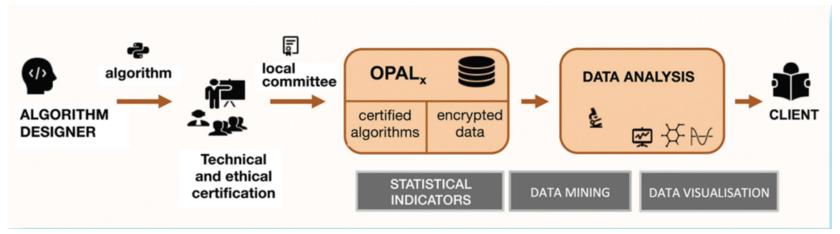
A paradigm-shift in data protection

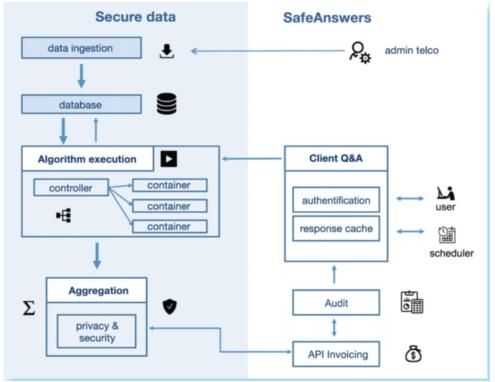




- secure platform with pseudonymized data
- bring the code to the data using APIs
- create a bank of open algorithms
- set-up a governance board (local and global)

OPAL Project: query private data in a safe way







OPAL project

■ The Official Launch of the OPAL Project took place on 8 December 2016 during the Open Government Partnership Global Summit in Paris



http://www.opalproject.org/

Migration studies specific limitations of CDRs

- CDR based studies are usually on a single country
- when they change country, migrants also change operator (one needs to follow the device IMEI to observe continuously their movements)
- in Roaming situation the observation becomes more random (device can switch between operators when abroad)

