

COMMITTED TO IMPROVING THE STATE OF THE WORLD

## Fostering Effective Energy Transition

JRC Week on Composite Indicators and Scoreboards  $7^{th}$  Nov, 2019



# The global energy system is transforming at an unprecedented speed



-88%

Solar PV LCOE reduction (2009 – 2018)1



- 69%

Onshore wind LCOE reduction (2009 - 2018)<sup>2</sup>



- 33%

Projected utility scale energy storage cost reduction (2016 – 2024)<sup>3</sup>



100%

Powered by renewable energy



2%

Of total global electricity generation consumed by data centers in 2017



+65%

Increase in the number of oil and gas companies with greater \$1bn revenues between 2005 and 2010



70%

New power capacity additions globally from renewable sources in 2017

2013

The year since when annual global renewables capacity surpassed conventional capacity additions



135 million

People gained access to electricity each year between 2014 - 16



20 Million

Branded pico solar products sold by mid-2015

100 Companies

Focusing on stand-alone solar home system kits



10.3 Million

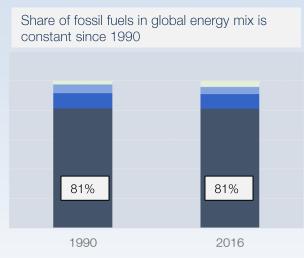
Employed in renewable energy in 2017

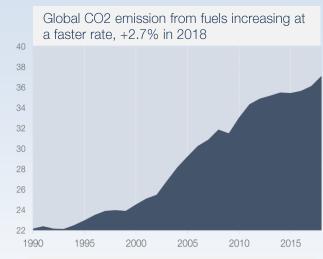


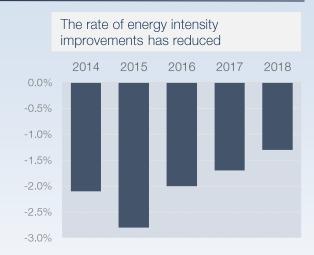
11.2 bpd

US crude oil production in August 2018, surpassing Russia and Saudi Arabia as world's largest producer

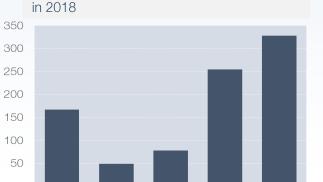
# But, is the speed of energy transition fast enough?











Global primary energy demand grew by 2.3%

Youth rise across the world demanding action on climate change



# Competing narratives on the speed of energy transition

		Gradual Narrative	Rapid Narrative
0	Starting Point	Stock: New energy technologies too small, will take decades	Flow: New energy technologies make up for most of the growth in supply
	Technology growth	Linear: considering technical and economic barriers	Exponential: Solar PV and Onshore Wind are already cheaper than fossil fuels for power generation
	Policy changes	Incremental: Strong inertia a barrier for policymakers	Transformative: Political changes are uncertain, shocks are highly probable
	Emerging markets	Followers: Carbon intensive economic development pathways	<u>Leaders</u> : Opportunity to leapfrog to less energy intensive economic development
TAO	Exporting countries	Safe: Fossil fuel exporting countries resistant, and emerging markets will fuel demand growth	Vulnerable: Four out of five people live in countries that import fossil fuels
	Finance	Traditional: Investors will target better ROI	Innovative: Energy transition new growth area for financial sector (CDP, TCFD, ESG, etc.)



# Energy Transition Index Framework



# Energy system benchmarking at World Economic Forum

## ENERGY ARCHITECTURE PERFORMANCE INDEX

## **ENERGY TRANSITION INDEX**

2013

Pressily Agenda.

The Global Energy Architecture Performance Index Report 2013

Executive Summary

Agenda - Agenda

2014

WORLD ECONOMIC

2015

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2016

WORKS

WORKS

Global Energy

Architecture

Performance Index

Report 2016

Architecture Performance Index Report 2017

Global Energy

2017

Fostering Effective Energy Transition
A Fact-Based Framework to Support Decision-Making

With analysis apport been Mickey A Corpusy

White Company Co

2018

Fostering Effective Energy Transition 2019 edition

2019

Launch of Energy Architecture Performance Index Case studies on challenges for EU28, NAM, MENA, BRICS, ASEAN, Sub-Saharan Africa Thematic focus on energy reforms in major energy consuming economies Deep dive on "Energy Access and Security" Deep dive on "Energy Sector Governance"

Revised methodology element, launched Energy Transition Index Regional energy transition challenges focus, coverage on speed and complexity

115 Countries

90% Of global population

93%

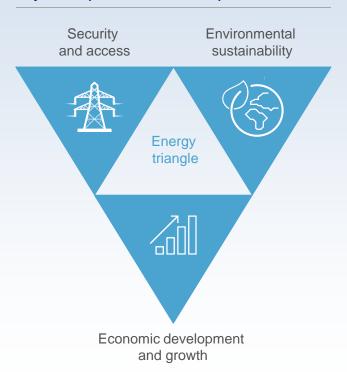
Of global
Total primary
energy supply

98% Of global GDP (nominal)



# System Performance Imperatives

## System performance imperatives





## **Economic growth and development**

Extent to which a country's energy architecture adds or detracts from the economy



## **Environmental sustainability**

Environmental impact of energy supply and consumption



## **Energy access and security**

Extent to which a energy supply is secure, accessible and diversified



# Transition readiness enabling dimensions

## Transition readiness enabling dimensions



#### **Energy System Structure**

- Technology path dependency
- Energy consumption per capita

## **Regulation and Political Commitment**

- Regulatory Stability and Commitment
- Policy and regulatory support for sustainable energy

# Infrastructure and Innovative Business Environment

- Transport infrastructure
- Trade logistics
- Technology availability

### **Capital and Investment**

- Access to credit
- Investment in energy efficiency and renewable energy

#### **Institutions and Governance**

- Manageable risk
- · Increased transparency
- Ease of doing business

### Human Capital and Consumer Participation

- Jobs in low carbon industry
- Quality of Education



## Indicators + Data Partners

## Criteria for selecting indicators

## **Output variables**

Measuring output oriented observational data or best available proxy

## Reliability

Sourced from renowned institutions

## Reusability

Maintain same data partners on regular basis, for annual updates

## Completeness

Adequate global and temporal coverage

## Quality

Represents best available measures, given constraints

## **Data Sources**



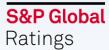
















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# How ETI rankings can be used

1) System performance

# Rank

Score

Current performance

Describes current system architecture performance



2 Transition readiness

# Rank

Score

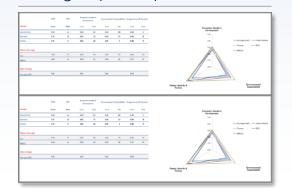
Energy transition readiness today

Describes current readiness along key dimensions (regulatory, financial, institutional, economic, social)

## Global Ranking



## Peer-group Comparison



## Country Profile



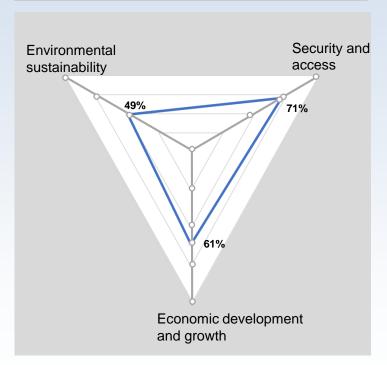
## Historical Comparison



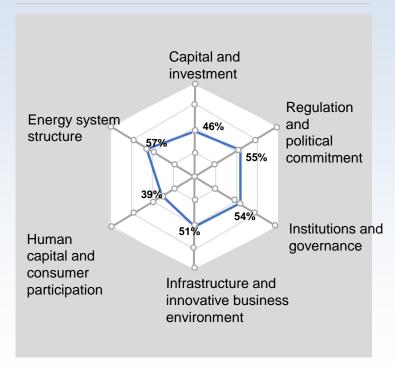


# Insight # 1 – Global Average Scores

## System performance scores



## Transition readiness scores

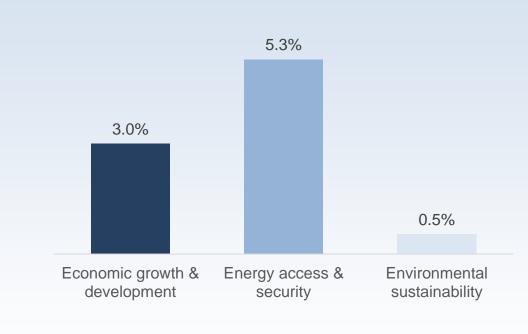




# Insight # 2: System Performance Trends: 2014 - 2019

Highest improvement on "Energy Access and Security" dimension, progress on universal energy access, diversification of fuel mix, and low concentration on import counterparts main contributors

 Progress on "Environmental Sustainability" dimension negligible. Slow improvement on energy intensity and continued dominance of fossil fuels in energy mix primary reasons





# Insight # 3– Top performers

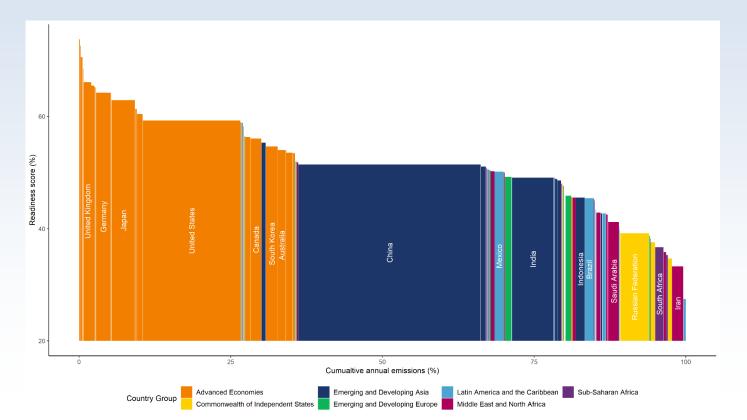


11% of total GDP, 5% of global primary energy supply, 2.6% of global population



# Insight # 4: Transition Readiness Scores (2019) vs. Annual Emissions

- Countries ranking high on transition readiness contribute less to CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion.
- Large economies lagging behind on readiness





## Insight # 5: Performance / Readiness Matrix

- System Performance and Transition Readiness are positively correlated
- China, Kenya, Namibia in "Leapfrog" category; indicating positive trajectory





## Outreach: Multi-channel media outreach



Dedicated online repository: 27,000 page views



Report PDF: 8,500 downloads



The countries most ready for the global energy transition



包摂的なエネルギー転換を 「デザイン」する



How to power a bright future for ASEAN

Blogs on Forum Agenda: 25,000 views



Word of mouth outreach from influencers in Forum communities and platforms



2.5 Million+ views for social video on Facebook, LinkedIn, and Twitter

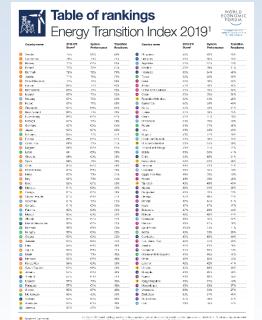


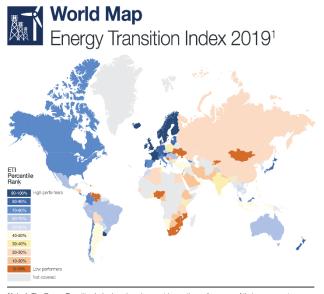
Read more: http://bit.ly/2TvnMnh

Newsletter shared with 100+ global energy companies

2K Comments 30K Shares

## Outreach: Infographics and Shareables





Note 1: The Energy Transition Index benchmarks countries on the performance of their energy system, as well as their readiness for transition to a secure, sustainable, affordable, and reliable energy future. ETI 2019 score on a scale from 0 to 100%.

Source: Fostering Effective Energy Transition Report 2019, World Economic Forum



	Score	Rank
Sweden	74.9%	1
Switzerland	74.3%	2
Norway	73.4%	3
Finland	73.0%	4
Denmark	72.2%	5
Austria	70.7%	6
United Kingdom	70.2%	7
France	68.6%	8
Netherlands	68.5%	9
Iceland	68.5%	10

Note 1: The Energy Transition Index benchmarks countries on the performance of their energy system, as well as their readiness for transition to a secure, sustainable, affordable, and reliable energy future. ETI 2019 score on a scale from 0 to 100%.

Source: Fostering Effective Energy Transition Report 2019, World Economic Forum

# Outreach: Global and regional media coverage

IT EFEverde, el periodismo del medio ambiente

La transición energética se estanca en mundo, según el

DIE WELT - 24 Mar 2019

25 mar - Internacional



RenewEconomy

Australia gets bottom of class on energy transition, as government clings to coal

Mar 26



The Asean Post

ASEAN's energy transition on the right track

Mar 26



Transition énergétique : la planète marque le pas La Tribune fr - 25 Mar 2019

Transition énergétique : la planète marque le pas ... devenue globalement moins

Das verheerende Zeugnis für die deutsche Energiewende

abordable et le mix mondial n'a pas enregistré de progrès en ...

Doch der aktuelle Bericht des Weltwirtschaftsforums (WEF) erklärt diesen Eindruck zur Illusion. Er stellt Deutschland ein ernüchterndes Zeugnis ...



India ranks 76th on WEFs global Energy Transition index; Sweden tops list

Mar 25



= Eurasia Review

World's Energy Transition In Doubt As Progress On Affordability, Sustainability Stalls



'Almost no progress': World Economic Forum raises concern ... www.businessgreen.com - 26 Mar 2019

'Almost no progress': World Economic Forum raises concern over ... to manage the transition from fossil fuels to cleaner energy sources, ranking eighth out ... for a ow-carbon shift overall, followed by Switzerland and Norway

#### electrek

World's energy transition 'in doubt' as progress stalls, World Economic Forum says

Mar 26



The Telegraph

UK well placed in clean energy race

25 March 2019



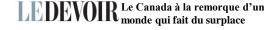
**GESTION** Transición energética se estanca en el mundo, según el Foro Económico Mundial 25 March 2019



SA at the bottom of the pile in transition towards clean energy 25 March 2019

Herald Sun+World Economic Forum delivers

negative ranking to Australia on power prices and emissions 25 March 2019



26 March 2019



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2019-03-25 22:03:10 来源: 新华网



人民网 >> 国际

世界经济论坛报告警告

### 全球能源可持续性转型陷入停滞

2019年03月26日09:36 米源: 人民网 - 人民日报



央广网产经 > 滚动新闻

## 报告警告全球能源可持续性转型陷入停滞

2019-03-26 07:30:00 来源:新华网



Egypt ranked 86 out of 115 countries on WEF's ETI 2019

25 March 2019



Thailand rises three places in WEF energy transition index 25 March 2019



The world's energy systems are transforming. Here's how.

Washington Post - 2 Apr 2019

Where do you get your energy — and where will you get it in the future? This week, the World Economic Forum (WEF) helped answer those ...



# Engagement: Supporting energy transition at country level

## FACT-BASED FRAMEWORK

# Create a global index assessing energy transition readiness

- Define a holistic Energy Transition definition and identify its most important imperatives
- Create a global country benchmark, including
  - Current energy system performance
  - Readiness for the energy transition
- Evaluate performance of individual countries against global targets as well as the performance of their peer countries

## **INCLUSIVE DIALOGUE**

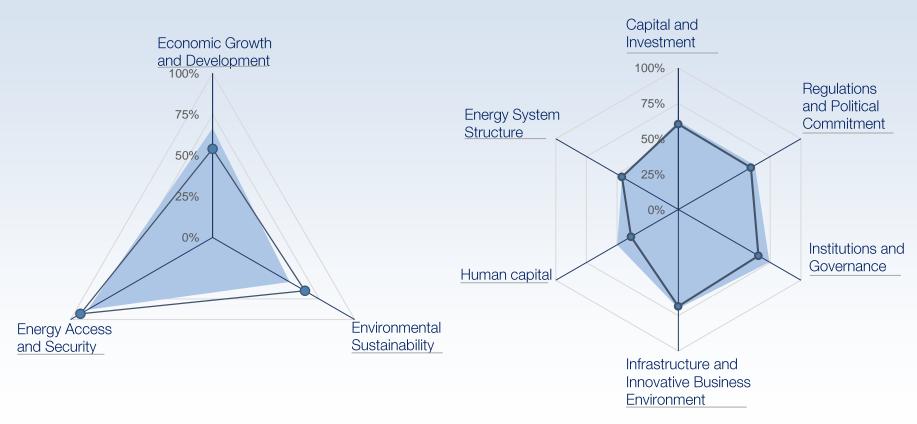
# Create multi-stakeholder buy-in to support decision makers to take action



- Create an ecosystem of decision-makers in the field to create a common under-standing of the task and to ensure a holistic approach
- Conduct dialogues to foster public-private partnerships in partner countries with
  - Large impact on the global system
  - Representative challenges
  - Willingness to take action and improve
- Initiate country deep dives and support countries in developing their individual energy transition roadmap



# Engagement: Prioritization of country energy system opportunities





# Engagement: Cross-sectoral stakeholder dialogues

High level engagement through multi-stakeholder dialogues informed by ETI, on gaps, priorities, and stakeholder roles for energy transition in countries across the world.





# Engagement: Energy transition roadmaps





## Implement



Adapt



1

Convene

Identify and engage influential energy-sector champions across stakeholder groups, including government, the private sector and civil society



2

Alig

Apply the fact-based framework for an effective energy transition to foster a common understanding of national energy transition imperatives and enablers



3

Structur

Establish an operational structure to drive ongoing collaboration among the stakeholders of the energy system



4

Plar

Define specific milestones and action plans to deliver impact on the ground, including a framework to measure progress against goals



5

**Implement** 

Accelerate policy formulation and business decision-making

by piloting inclusive public-private collaboration models and building business cases to ensure value creation for society



6

Track

Monitor and evaluate improvements in the energy system to determine corrective actions



1

Refine

Adjust roadmaps and action plans as well as the operational structure

as needed to seize new opportunities over time





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