Combatting Misinformation with Behavioral Science

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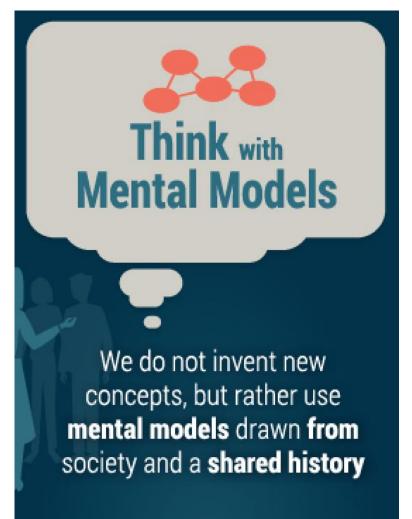




On decisions



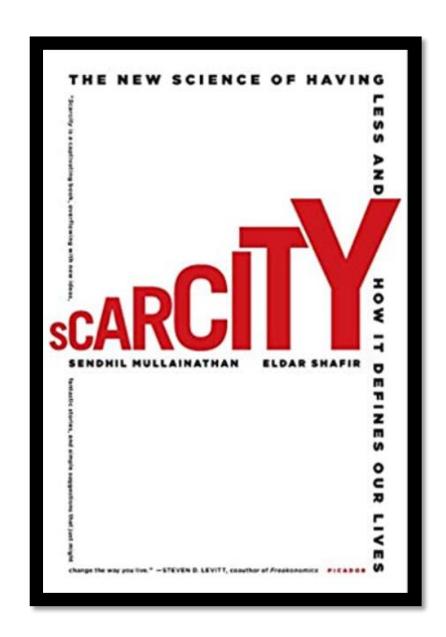




Understanding the context of policy, poverty and scarcity

Psychology of Poverty and individual decision making → scarcity affects long-term planning, aspirations and focus

Scarcity and the policy professional context → inertia, confirmation bias and group dynamics



Who we are

A development-focused, applied behavioral science unit in the World Bank.

Integrate behavioral sciences to development policy and generate capacity in World Bank operations, governments and partners at scale.



On a good day, we support a portfolio of 50+ projects, many multi-country

We provide advice and support to help policymakers define and diagnose policy problems from a behavioral perspective.

We design and evaluate behaviorally-informed solutions to improve development outcomes.

With our global network of partners, we expand the capacity and use of behavioral insights in policy at scale.

What we do

eMBeD works in a variety of modalities depending on the needs of the team and client:

1. LEARNING AND OUTREACH:

Aimed at creating awareness of behavioral interventions and building capacity to apply behavioral science in practice. They can take the form of workshops, brief presentations, or embedded participation in events such as retreats or learning days.

ADVISORY AND ANALYTICAL SERVICES:

Aimed at providing guidance for project design and range from behavioral diagnostic mappings, intervention design, to guidance notes.

3. DATA COLLECTION AND METHODOLOGICAL RESEARCH:

Aimed at advising, designing, and/or implementing data collection efforts to capture behaviors and design methodological approaches to measure psychological constructs in development settings.



4. PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION:

Aimed at supporting teams with the design, implementation, and evaluation of behavioral interventions.

What we do



Climate & Energy



Effective Organizations



Financial Inclusion & Taxation



Gender Equality



Health & Well-being



Learning & Beliefs



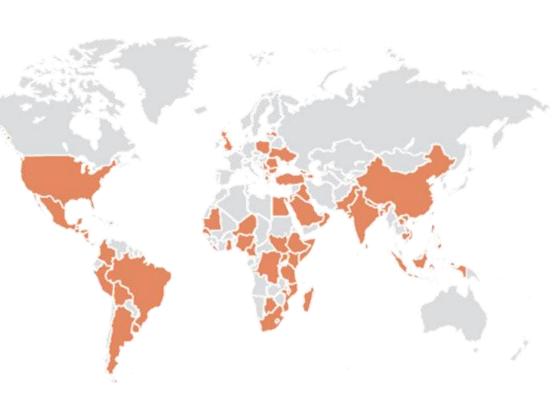
Mindstats & Measurement



Social Cohesion



Jobs



Institutionalizing behavioral science in public policy

Technical advice and support to 23 government agencies and behavioral units worldwide. Strong emphasis on capacity building and policy application of BeSci.

Africa

South Africa: Western Cape Gov't **Tanzania**: Revenue Administration &

Ministry of Finance

Kenya: Revenue Administration **Mauritius:** Revenue Administration

Middle East & Northern Africa

Egypt: Finance Min - Policy Lab*

Jordan: Health Min Kuwait: Planning* Min

Morocco: Finance*, Interior, Health Mins

Saudi Arabia: Health* Min, Royal Court*

Asia

Indonesia: Finance Min

Malaysia: Finance Min & Revenue Board

Pakistan: Federal Board of Revenue;

Provincial Revenue Authorities

Latin America

Argentina: Consejo Económico y Social*

Colombia: National Planning Dept. **Peru**: Education Min - Minedul.ab*

Eastern Europe

Kosovo: Tax Administration **Georgia:** Revenue Service

Turkey: Economy & Trade Min*, Izmir

Municipality

The Behavioral Professional

IMPROVING DECISION-MAKING AND PERFORMANCE IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR

JOANA S. LOURENÇO, RENOS VAKIS, AND LAURA ZORATTO



^{*} Behavioral Science Units

Combatting COVID-19 Misinformation with Find the Fake











Intervention toolkit to address mis/disinformation

Pre-bunk
Teach common misinformation techniques

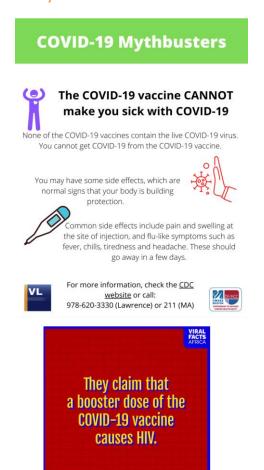


Pre-bunking with Infographic



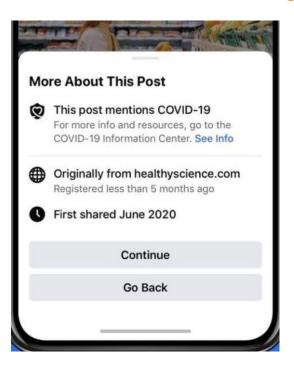
Pre-bunking with games

De-bunk
Use fact-checkers
to directly address misinformation

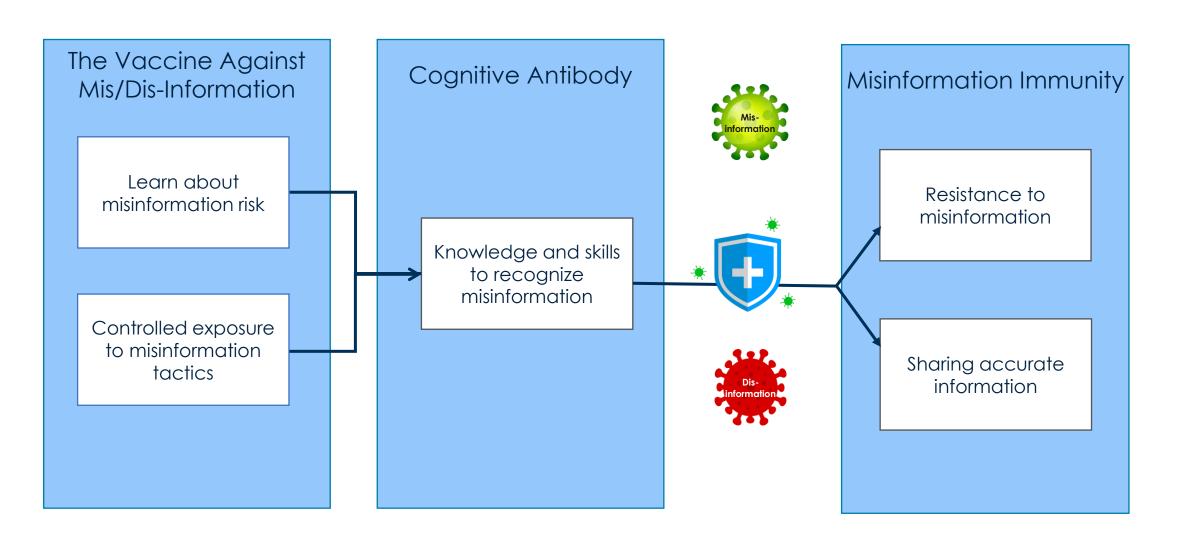


Reminders

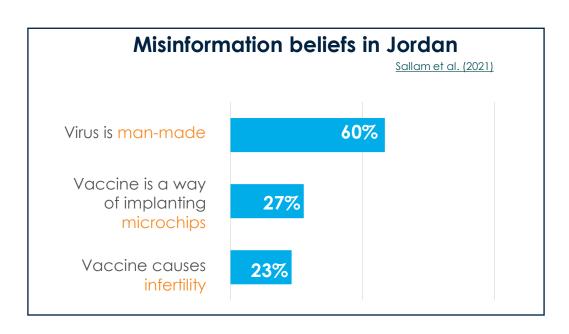
Ask people to check misinformation before sharing



How "vaccinating" against mis/dis-information works



Background: Spread of Misinformation in Jordan



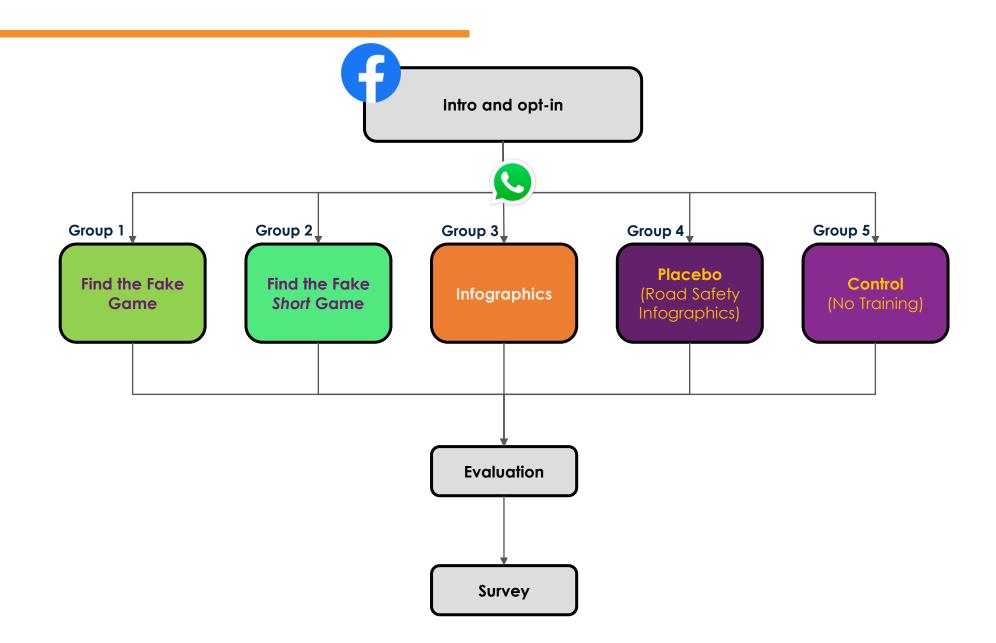
Misinformation can cost about

US\$ 78 Billion



Cavazos, 2019

Intervention Overview

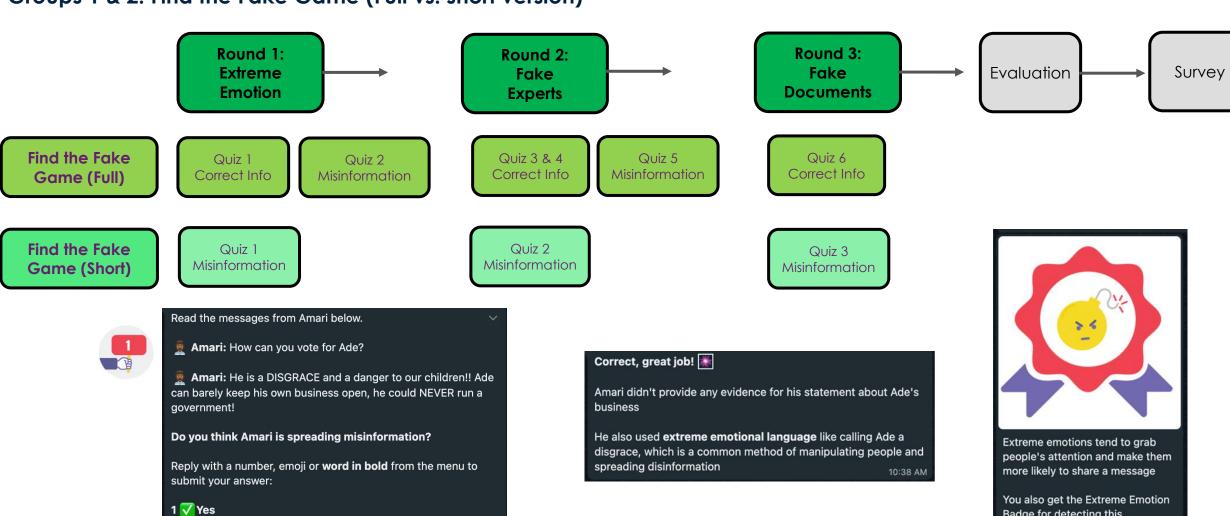


Game Intervention – Two Versions Tested

10:38 AM

Groups 1 & 2: Find the Fake Game (Full vs. short version)

2 No



Badge for detecting this

misinformation correctly!

Infographic Intervention

Group 3: Infographics



We showed participants the following three infographics, mirroring the game content.









Placebo Intervention

Group 4: Placebo

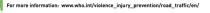


We showed participants the following three *road safety* infographics.















Implementation and Sample

Launched: October 27 - November 23, 2022 with recruitment through FB ads

Sample:

6,317 contacts started

2,865 completed surveys

63% male

53% aged 18-29

30% with tertiary education



Evaluation: Measuring accuracy and sharing behavior

To evaluate our interventions, we assessed accuracy in detecting misinformation tactics and likelihood of sharing misleading headlines.



Accuracy of detecting misinformation

Read the headline below

Security Guard at Vaccine Supplier: 'All COVID Vaccinated People at Risk of Heart Failure'

Does this headline use any misinformation techniques?

Reply with a number or **words in bold** from the menu below:

- **1 Definitely is** misinformation
- 2 Probably is misinformation
- 3 Probably not misinformation
- 4 Definitely not misinformation



Sharing misinformation

Read the headline below.

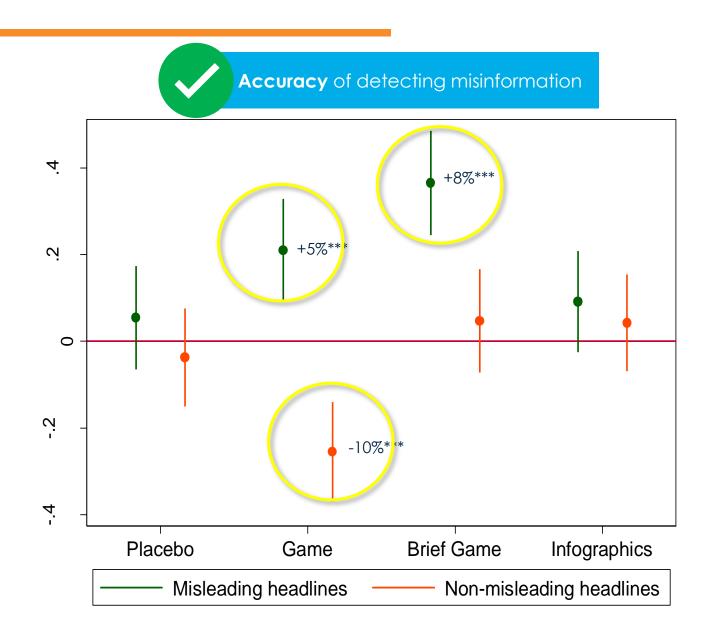
COVID-19 vaccines cause shocking, untreatable changes to human DNA

How likely are you to share this headline with others?

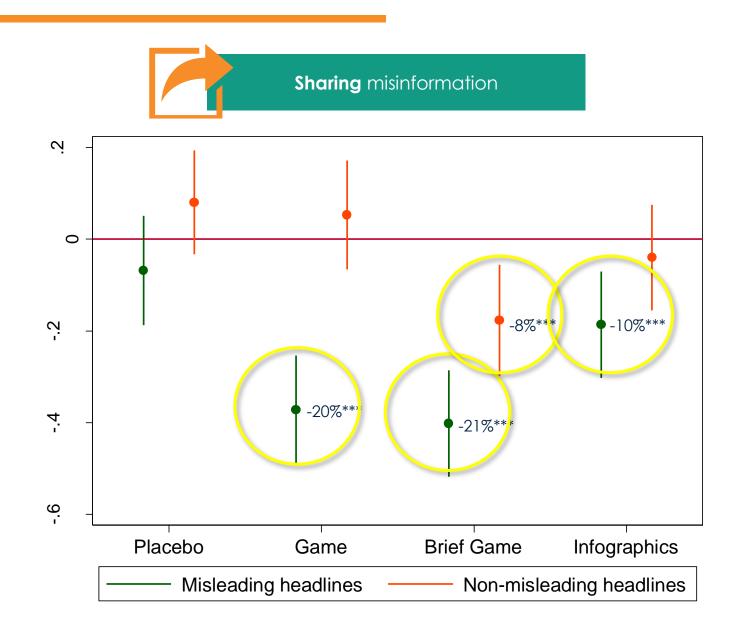
Reply with a number or **words in bold** from the menu below:

- 1 Very unlikely to share
- 2 Unlikely to share
- 3 Likely to share
- 4 Very likely to share

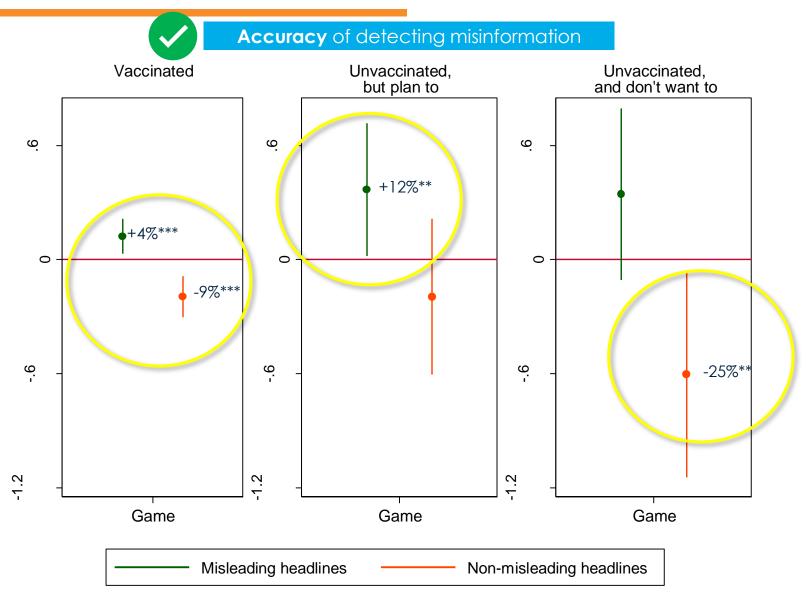
Overall, those who completed the game performed better



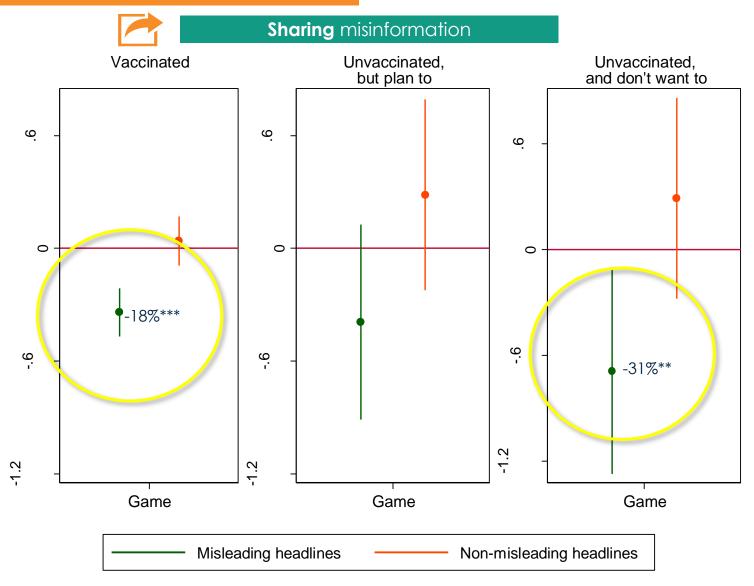
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The game treatment may also have greater impact on misinformation detection among unvaccinated respondents



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Findings Summary – Games are effective and engaging, weaker impacts from infographics

- 1 The games significantly boosted detection of misleading headlines by over 5%
- 2 The games reduced intention to share misleading content by over 20%
- B However, the brief game increases overall skepticism
- The full game has even greater impact on improving misinformation detection and reducing misinformation sharing among the unvaccinated than the vaccinated
- Infographics did not impact accuracy and while significant, they had a weaker effect on sharing intentions

Conclusions

- Interactive inoculation games effective tool to be integrated into anti-misinformation efforts, potentially more effective than infographics alone.
- Vulnerable populations could be targeted with outreach. They could benefit most from boosting anti-misinformation skills.

Extending Applications and Scaling Implementation – smoking behaviors











Background

- 23% of students 13-15 smoke tobacco in Jordan
- 6 in 10 youth smokers want to quit smoking
- Misconceptions about tobacco, and especially alternatives to cigarettes, may contribute to high levels of use

Common smoking-related Misinformation online

Tobacco can be **healthy**

Using tobacco is **no riskier** than other common activities

Harms of tobacco use **can be managed** by various fixes

Some forms of tobacco are **not harmful** after all

Evidence supporting the harmfulness of a tobacco product is **faulty**

Albarracin et al., 2018; Romer et al., 2020

Implementation ongoing – stay tuned!









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