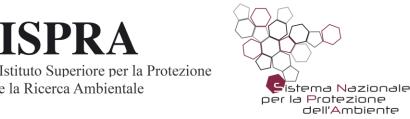


ISPRA

e la Ricerca Ambientale



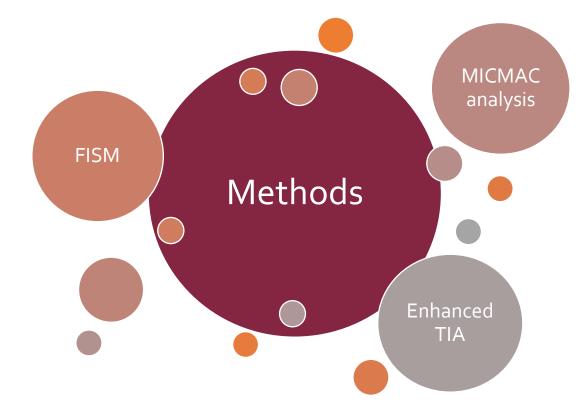
SCENARIO PLANNING: ISPRA'S FIRST EXPERIENCE WITH CIRCULAR ECONOMY

2021 EU conference on modelling for policy support 22 – 26 November 2021, online event Area 3: Scenarios and data

Sarah Badioli, Giovanni Finocchiaro, Cristina Frizza, Alessandra Galosi, Mariaconcetta Giunta, Renato Marra Campanale, Carlo Massaccesi, Michele Mincarini, Raffaele Morelli, Matteo Salomone

WHAT WE ARE TALKING ABOUT

- 1. Purpose
- 2. Workflow
- 3. System analysis and simplification
- 4. Scenario generation
- 5. Next steps





PURPOSE

Create environmental scenarios to try to forecast changes in environmental realms.

CHALLENGES:

- Lack of data
- Complex topics
- No fixed methodology







WORKFLOW

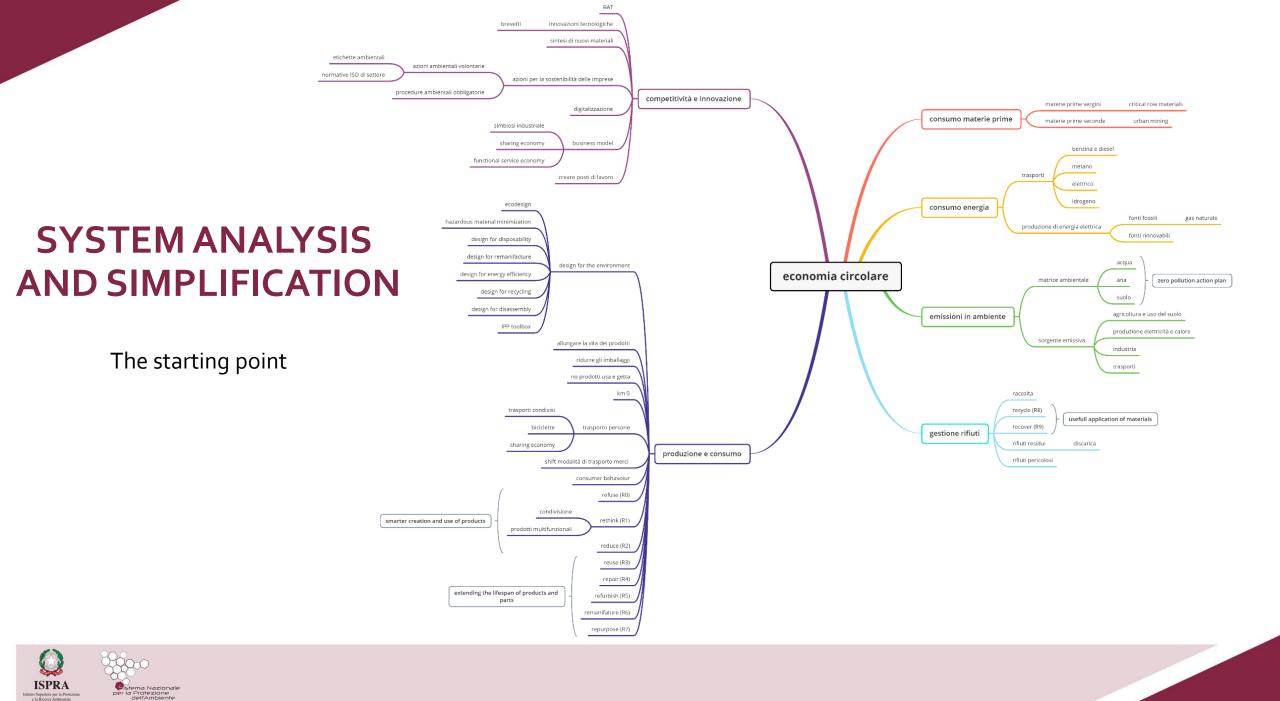


- Scenario field identification
- Search for key factors
- Key factors analysis
- Data collection

- Scanning of the field of possible
- Sets of probable assumptions
- Generation of forecasts by scenarios

- Scenario perfection
- Definitions of strategies



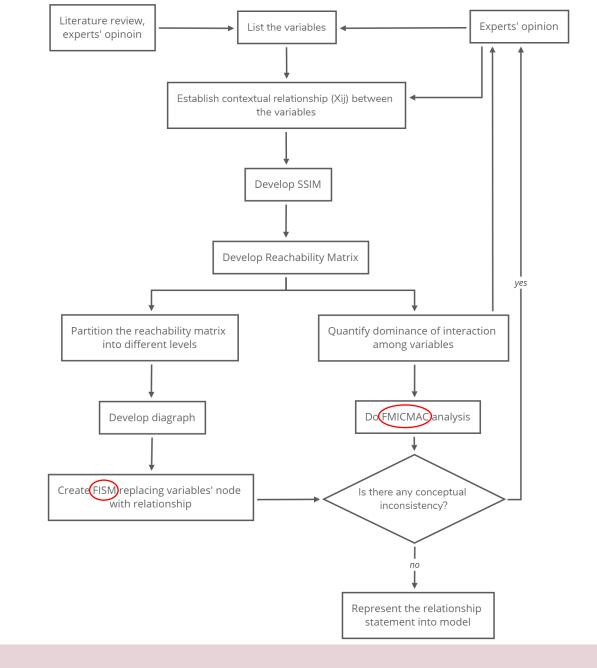


SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND SIMPLIFICATION

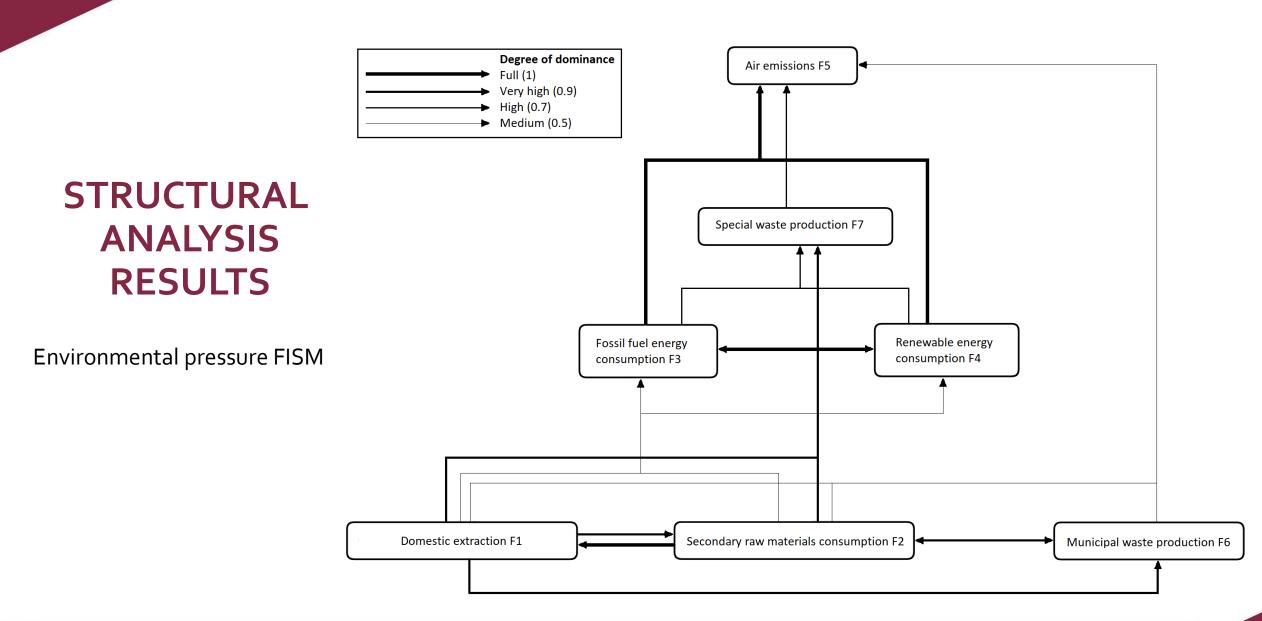
Structural analysis flow diagram

<u>FISM</u>: Fuzzy Interpretive structural modeling

FMICMAC: Fuzzy-MICMAC (Matrice d'impacts croisés multiplication appliquée á un classment)





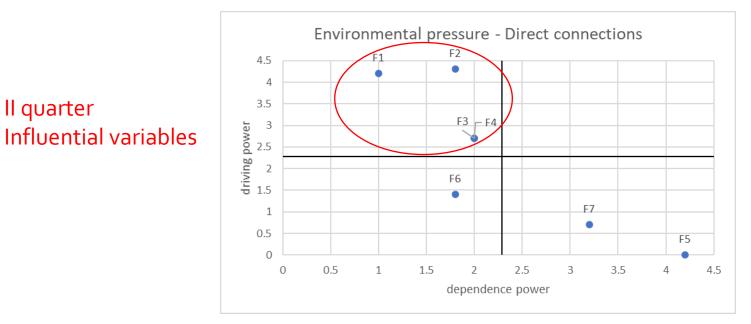


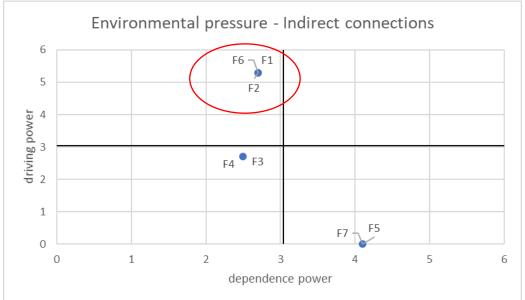


STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS RESULTS

ll quarter

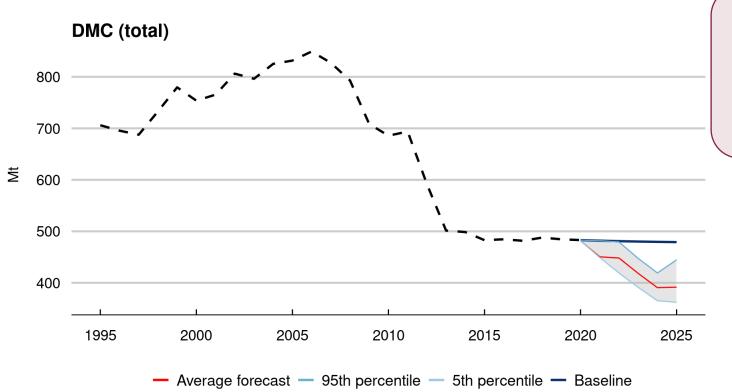
Environmental pressure factors classification (FMICMAC)







ENHANCED TREND IMPACT ANALYSIS



Hybrid method in which a surprise-free forecast is modified to take into account experts' perceptions about how future events may change the surprise-free forecast.

- Input:
 - \circ Time series of interest
 - Set of key (unprecedented) future events, their probabilities and their impacts
- Baseline extrapolation with Damped Holt's method



NEXT STEPS

- Carry out an economical analysis
- \odot Improve indicators database and dataset
- Promote sectoral studies to collect impact factors
- Collect experts' opinions and perfect the results



